By: Burrows H.B. No. <u>2237</u>

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT	r.
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- 2 relating to mechanic's, contractor's, or materialman's liens.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. Section 3503.051(3), Insurance Code, is amended
- 5 to read as follows:
- 6 (3) "Notice of claim" means a written notification by a
- 7 claimant who makes a claim for payment from the surety company.
- 8 The term does not include a routine statutory notice required by
- 9 Section 53.056(b) or 53.057[, 53.058, 53.252(b), or 53.253,
- 10 Property Code, or Section 2253.047, Government Code.
- 11 SECTION 2. Section 53.001, Property Code, is amended by
- 12 amending Subdivisions (2), (3), (4), (8) and (9) to read as
- 13 follows:
- 14 (2) "Improvement" includes:
- 15 (A) a house, building, structure, parking
- 16 structure, appurtenance, pool, utility, railroad, well, storage
- 17 facility, abutting sidewalks and streets and utilities in or on
- 18 those sidewalks and streets, land reclaimed from overflow, and
- 19 other fixture or modification to real property;
- 20 (B) clearing, grubbing, draining, or fencing of
- 21 land;
- (C) that work described in section 53.021(d)[wells,
- 23 cisterns, tanks, reservoirs, or artificial lakes or pools made for
- 24 supplying or storing water; and

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2
    specifications provided by licensed architects, engineers, or
 3
    surveyors. [pumps, siphons, and windmills or other machinery or
 4
    apparatuses used for raising water for stock, domestic use, or
 5
    irrigation; and
                   (E) planting orchard trees, grubbing out orchards
 6
 7
    and replacing trees, and pruning of orchard trees.
              (3) "Labor" means:
 8
 9
                   (A)
                        labor used
                                      in the direct
                                                         performance
    [prosecution] of the work or[-]
10
11
                   (B) professional services used in the direct
12
    preparation for the work of a design, drawing, plan, plat, survey,
    or specification.
13
              (4) "Material" means all or part of:
14
15
                        the material, machinery, fixtures, or tools:
                   (A)
16
                        (i) incorporated into the work;[-]
                        (ii) used [consumed] in the direct performance
17
    [prosecution] of the work;[, or]
18
19
                        (iii) specially fabricated for an improvement;
20
    or
                        (iv) ordered and delivered for incorporation
21
22
    or use [consumption];
23
                        rent at a reasonable rate and actual running
24
    repairs at a reasonable cost for construction equipment used or
    reasonably required and delivered for use
25
                                                     in the
                                                             direct
    [prosecution] performance of the work at the site of
26
                                                                 the
27
    construction or repair; or
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(D) designs, drawings, plans, plats, surveys, and

- 1 (C) power, water, fuel, and lubricants consumed or
- 2 ordered and delivered for consumption in the direct [prosecution]
- 3 performance of the work.
- 4 (5) "Mechanic's lien" means the lien provided by this
- 5 chapter.
- 6 (6) "Original contract" means an agreement to which an
- 7 owner is a party either directly or by implication of law.
- 8 (7) "Original contractor" means a person contracting
- 9 with an owner either directly or through the owner's agent.
- 10 (8) "Purported original contractor" means an original
- 11 contractor that either (1) can effectively control the owner or is
- 12 effectively controlled by the owner through common ownership of
- 13 voting stock or ownership interests, interlocking directorships,
- 14 common management, or otherwise or (2) was engaged by the owner
- 15 for the construction or repair of improvements without a good faith
- 16 intention of the parties that the purported original contractor
- 17 was to perform under the contract. In this definition, "owner"
- 18 does not include a person who has or claims a security interest
- 19 only.
- 20 ([θ]9) "Residence" means the real property and
- 21 improvements for a single-family house, duplex, triplex, or
- 22 quadruplex or a unit in a multiunit structure used for residential
- 23 purposes in which title to the individual units is transferred to
- 24 the owners under a condominium or cooperative system that is:
- 25 (A) owned by one or more adult persons; and
- 26 (B) used or intended to be used as a dwelling by
- 27 one of the owners.

- 1 ([9]10) "Residential construction contract" means a
- 2 contract between an owner and a contractor in which the contractor
- 3 agrees to construct or repair the owner's residence, including
- 4 improvements appurtenant to the residence.
- 5 (11[10]) "Residential construction project" means a
- 6 project for the construction or repair of a new or existing
- 7 residence, including improvements appurtenant to the residence, as
- 8 provided by a residential construction contract.
- 9 $(\underline{12}[\underline{11}])$ "Retainage" means an amount representing part
- 10 of a contract payment that is not required to be paid to the
- 11 claimant within the month following the month in which labor is
- 12 performed, material is furnished, or specially fabricated material
- 13 is delivered. [The term does not include retainage under
- 14 Subchapter E.
- 15 (13[12]) "Specially fabricated material" means material
- 16 fabricated for use as a component of the construction or repair so
- 17 as to be reasonably unsuitable for use elsewhere.
- 18 (14[13]) "Subcontractor" means a person who has
- 19 furnished labor or materials to fulfill an obligation to an
- 20 original contractor or to a subcontractor to perform all or part
- 21 of the work required by an original contract.
- 22 (15[14]) "Work" means any part of construction or repair
- 23 of an improvement performed under an original contract.
- 24 (16[15]) "Completion" of an original contract means the
- 25 actual completion of the work, including any extras or change
- 26 orders reasonably required or contemplated under the original
- 27 contract, other than warranty work or replacement or repair of the

- 1 work performed under the contract.
- 2 SECTION 3. Section 53.003(a), (b) and (d), Property Code,
- 3 are amended to read as follows:
- 4 [(a) This section applies to notices required by
- 5 Subchapters B through G and K.]
- 6 ([\(\frac{1}{2}\)]a) Any notice or other written communication
- 7 required by this chapter may be delivered (i) in person to the
- 8 party entitled to the notice or to that party's agent or (ii) via
- 9 certified mail.
- 10 [, regardless of the manner prescribed by law].
- 11 ([e]b) If notice is sent by registered or certified mail,
- 12 deposit or mailing of the notice in the United States mail in the
- 13 form required constitutes compliance with the notice requirement.
- 14 This subsection does not apply if the law requires receipt of the
- 15 notice by the person to whom it is directed.
- 16 ([a]c) If a written notice is received by the person
- 17 entitled to receive it, the method by which the notice was
- 18 delivered is immaterial.
- 19 (d) In computing the period of days in which to provide
- 20 a notice or to take any action required under this chapter, if the
- 21 last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday,
- 22 the period is extended to include the next day that is not a
- 23 Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
- SECTION 4. Section 53.021, Property Code, is amended to read
- 25 as follows:
- Sec. 53.021. PERSONS ENTITLED TO LIEN. $[\frac{a}{a}]$ A person has a
- 27 lien if $[\div]$

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2
    the owner or the owner's agent, trustee, receiver, contractor, or
 3
    subcontractor: [labors, specially fabricates material, or]
 4
         (a) furnishes labor or materials for construction or repair
    of an improvement [; in this state of:
 5
 6
                        (A) a house, building, or improvement;
 7
                        (B) a levee or embankment to be erected for
 8
    the reclamation of overflow land along a river or creek; or
 9
                        (C) a railroad; and
                   (2) the person labors, specially fabricates the
10
11
    material, or furnishes the labor or materials under or by virtue
12
    of a contract with the owner or the owner's agent, trustee,
13
    receiver, contractor, or subcontractor;.
              (b) A person who] specially fabricates material [, has
14
15
    a liem] even if the material is not delivered; [-]
16
              (c) is a licensed [An] architect, engineer, or surveyor
17
    providing services to who prepares a design, drawing, plan, or
    plat, survey, or specification; [under or by virtue of a written
18
19
    contract with the owner or the owner's agent, trustee, or receiver
20
    in connection with the actual or proposed design, construction, or
21
    repair of improvements on real property or the location of the
22
    boundaries of real property has a lien on the property.
23
                   A person who] provides labor, plant material, or
    other supplies for the installation of landscaping for an [house,
24
    building, or] improvement, including the construction of a
25
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[(1)] the person, under or by virtue of a contract with

1

26

27

retention pond, retaining wall, berm, irrigation system, fountain,

or other similar installation; [, under or by virtue of a written

- 1 contract with the owner or the owner's agent, contractor,
- 2 subcontractor, trustee, or receiver has a lien on the property]or
- 3 (e) [A person who] performs labor as part of, or who
- 4 furnishes labor or materials for, the demolition of an improvement
- 5 [structure] on real property [under or by virtue of a written
- 6 contract with the owner of the property or the owner's agent,
- 7 trustee, receiver, contractor, or subcontractor has a lien on the
- 8 property].
- 9 SECTION 5. Section 53.022, Property Code, is amended to read
- 10 as follows:
- 11 Sec. 53.022. PROPERTY TO WHICH LIEN EXTENDS. (a) The lien
- 12 extends to the [house, building, fixtures, or improvements, the
- 13 land reclaimed from overflow, or the railroad and all of its
- 14 properties, and to each lot of land necessarily connected [or
- 15 reclaimed].
- 16 (b) The lien does not extend to abutting sidewalks,
- 17 streets, and utilities that are public property.
- 18 (c) A lien against land in a city, town, or village
- 19 extends to each lot on which the [house, building, or] improvement
- 20 is situated or on which the labor was performed.
- 21 (d) A lien against land not in a city, town, or village
- 22 extends to not more than 50 acres on which the [house, building,
- 23 or] improvement is situated or on which the labor was performed.
- SECTION 6. Section 53.023, Property Code, is amended to read
- 25 as follows:
- Sec. 53.023. PAYMENT SECURED BY LIEN. The lien secures
- 27 payment for:

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1 (1) the labor done or material furnished for the
2 construction, or repair, design, survey, or demolition; or
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- 3 (2) the specially fabricated material, even if the
- 4 material has not been delivered or incorporated into the
- 5 construction or repair, less its fair salvage value[; or.
- 6 (3) the preparation of a plan or plat by an
- 7 architect, engineer, or surveyor in accordance with Section
- 8 53.021(c).]
- 9 SECTION 7. Section 53.026, Property Code, is amended to read
- 10 as follows:
- 11 Sec. 53.026. SHAM CONTRACT. (a) A person who <u>furnishes</u>
- 12 labors or materials, [specially fabricates materials, or furnishes
- 13 labor or materials under a direct contractual relationship with
- 14 a purported original contractor [another person] is considered to
- 15 be [in direct contractual relationship with the owner and has a
- 16 lien as] an original contractor for purposes of perfecting a
- 17 mechanic's lien.[, if:
- 18 (1) the owner contracted with the other person for
- 19 the construction or repair of a house, building, or improvements
- 20 and the owner can effectively control that person through ownership
- 21 of voting stock, interlocking directorships, or otherwise;
- 22 (2) the owner contracted with the other person for
- 23 the construction or repair of a house, building, or improvements
- 24 and that other person can effectively control the owner through
- 25 ownership of voting stock, interlocking directorships, or
- 26 otherwise; or
- 27 (3) the owner contracted with the other person for

- 1 the construction or repair of a house, building, or improvements
- 2 and the contract was made without good faith intention of the
- 3 parties that the other person was to perform the contract.
- 4 (b) In this section, "owner" does not include a person
- 5 who has or claims a security interest only.]
- 6 SECTION 8. Section 53.052, Property Code, is amended to read
- 7 as follows:
- 8 Sec. 53.052. FILING OF AFFIDAVIT. (a) [Except as provided
- 9 by Subsection (b) An original contractor claiming the lien must
- 10 file an affidavit with the county clerk:
- 11 (1) for projects other than residential construction
- 12 projects, on or before the 15th day of the fourth month after the
- 13 month in which the original contractor's work was completed,
- 14 terminated, or abandoned; or
- 15 (2) for residential construction projects, on or before
- 16 the 15th day of the third month after the month in which the
- 17 original contractor's work was completed, terminated, or
- 18 <u>abandoned</u>.
- 19 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c) or (d), [the] a
- 20 [person] subcontractor claiming the lien must file an affidavit
- 21 with the county clerk on or before [of the county in which the
- 22 property is located or into which the railroad extends not later
- 23 than the] 15th day of the fourth [calendar] month after the later
- 24 of: [day on which the indebtedness accrue]
- 25 (1) the month the subcontractor last provided labor or
- 26 materials; or
- 27 (2) the month the subcontractor would normally have been

- 1 required to deliver the last of specially fabricated materials
- 2 that have not been actually delivered
- 3 (c) a subcontractor claiming the lien arising from a
- 4 residential construction project must file an affidavit with the
- 5 county clerk on or the 15th day of the third month after the later
- 6 of:
- 7 (1) the month the subcontractor last provided labor or
- 8 materials; or
- 9 (2) the month the subcontractor would normally have been
- 10 required to deliver the last of specially fabricated materials
- 11 that have not been actually delivered.
- 12 [(b) A person claiming a lien arising from a residential
- 13 construction project must file an affidavit with the county clerk
- 14 of the county in which the property is located not later than the
- 15 15th day of the third calendar month after the day on which the
- 16 indebtedness accrues.
- 17 ([e]d) A subcontractor claiming a lien for retainage must
- 18 file an affidavit with the county clerk not later than the 15th
- 19 day of the third month after the month in which the original
- 20 contract under which the subcontractor performed was completed,
- 21 terminated, or abandoned.
- (e) An affidavit under this chapter must be filed in the
- 23 county where the improvements are located. The county clerk shall
- 24 record the affidavit in records kept for that purpose and shall
- 25 index and cross-index the affidavit in the names of the claimant,
- 26 the original contractor, and the owner. Failure of the county
- 27 clerk to properly record or index a filed affidavit does not

- 1 invalidate the lien.
- 2 SECTION 9. Section 53.055, Property Code, is amended to read
- 3 as follows:
- 4 Sec. 53.055. NOTICE OF FILED AFFIDAVIT. (a) A person who
- 5 files an affidavit must send a copy of the affidavit [by registered
- 6 or certified mail] to the owner or reputed owner at the owner's
- 7 last known business or residence address not later than the fifth
- 8 day after the date the affidavit is filed with the county clerk.
- 9 (b) If the person is not an original contractor, the
- 10 person must also send a copy of the affidavit to the original
- 11 contractor at the original contractor's last known business or
- 12 residence address within the same period.
- 13 SECTION 10. Section 53.056, Property Code, is amended to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 Sec. 53.056. [DERIVATIVE] SUBCONTRACTOR CLAIMANT: NOTICE TO
- 16 OWNER AND[OR] ORIGINAL CONTRACTOR. (a) Except as provided in
- 17 Section 53.057[, by Subchapter K, a claimant other than an original
- 18 <u>contractor</u>] <u>a subcontractor claimant</u> must give the notice
- 19 prescribed by this section for the lien to be valid.
- 20 (b) For all unpaid labor or materials provided, the
- 21 subcontractor claimant must send a notice of claim for unpaid labor
- 22 or materials to the owner or reputed owner and the original
- 23 contractor. The notice must be sent: [(b) If the lien claim
- 24 arises from a debt incurred by a subcontractor, the claimant must
- 25 give to the original contractor written notice of the unpaid
- 26 balance. The claimant must give the notice not later than the
- 27 15th day of the second month following each month in which all or

- 1 part of the claimant's labor was performed or material delivered.
- 2 The claimant must give the same notice to the owner or reputed
- 3 owner and the original contractor not later than the 15th day of
- 4 the third month following each month in which all or part of the
- 5 claimant's labor was performed or material or specially fabricated
- 6 material was delivered.]
- 7 (1) For projects other than residential
- 8 construction projects, not later than the 15th day of the third
- 9 month following the month during which the labor or materials were
- 10 provided or the undelivered specially fabricated materials would
- 11 <u>normally have been delivered; or</u>
- 12 (2) for residential construction projects, not
- 13 later than the 15th day of the second month following the month
- 14 during which the labor or materials were provided or the
- 15 <u>undelivered specially fabricated materials would normally have</u>
- 16 been delivered;
- 17 [(c) If the lien claim arises from a debt incurred by
- 18 the original contractor, the claimant must give notice to the owner
- 19 or reputed owner, with a copy to the original contractor, in
- 20 accordance with Subsection (b).
- 21 (d) To authorize the owner to withhold funds under
- 22 Subchapter D, the notice to the owner must state that if the claim
- 23 remains unpaid, the owner may be personally liable and the owner's
- 24 property may be subjected to a lien unless:
- 25 (1) the owner withholds payments from the
- 26 contractor for payment of the claim; or
- 27 (2) the claim is otherwise paid or settled.

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(e) The notice must be sent by registered or certified
 2
    mail and must be addressed to the owner or reputed owner or the
 3
    original contractor, as applicable, at his last known business or
 4
    residence address.
 5
              (f) A copy of the statement or billing in the usual and
 6
    customary form is sufficient as notice under this section.]
              (c) The notice must be in substantially the following
 7
    form:
 8
         NOTICE OF CLAIM FOR UNPAID LABOR OR MATERIALS
 9
         WARNING: This notice is provided to preserve lien rights.
10
11
         Owner's property may be subject to a lien if sufficient funds
12
    are not withheld from future payments to the original contractor
    to cover this debt.
13
14
         "Date:
15
         "Project description and/or address:
16
         "Claimant's name:
         "Type of labor or materials provided:
17
         "Original contractor's name:
18
19
         "Party with whom Claimant contracted if different from
20
    Original Contractor:
21
         "Claim amount:
                    (Claimant's contact person)
22
23
                    (Claimant's address)"
         Any statement or billing may be included with this notice
24
         SECTION 11. Section 53.057, Property Code, is amended to
25
    read as follows:
26
         Sec. 53.057. [DERIVATIVE] SUBCONTRACTOR CLAIMANT: NOTICE OF
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CLAIM FOR UNPAID [CONTRACTUAL] RETAINAGE [CLAIM]. (a)
                                                             To the
    extent that a claim for unpaid retainage is not included in whole
 2.
    or in part in a notice provided under section 53.056, a[A]
 3
 4
    subcontractor claimant whose contract provides for retainage must
    [claimant may] give notice under this section for the lien for
 5
 6
    unpaid retainage to be valid.
              (b) The subcontractor claimant must send the notice of
 7
    claim for unpaid retainage to the owner or reputed owner and the
 8
    original contractor not later than the earlier of
 9
10
                   (1) the 30th day after the date the subcontractor
11
    claimant's contract is completed, terminated, or abandoned or
12
                   (2) the 30th day after the date the original
    contract is terminated or abandoned. [instead of or in addition
13
    to notice under Section 53.056 or 53.252 if the claimant is to
14
15
    labor, furnish labor or materials, or specially fabricate
    materials, or has labored, furnished labor or materials or
16
17
    specially fabricated materials, under an agreement with an
18
    original contractor or a subcontractor providing for retainage.]
19
              (c) The notice must be in substantially the following
20
    form:
21
              (b) The claimant must give the owner or reputed owner
22
    notice of contractual retainage not later than the earlier of:
23
                   (1) the 30th day after the date the claimant's
24
    agreement providing for retainage is completed, terminated, or
25
    abandoned; or
```

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26

27

contract is terminated or abandoned.

the 30th day after the date the original

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2
    a subcontractor, the claimant must also give the notice of
 3
    contractual retainage to the original contractor within the period
 4
    prescribed by Subsection (b).
 5
              (c) The notice must generally state the existence of a
 6
    requirement for retainage and contain:
 7
                   (1) the name and address of the claimant; and
 8
                   (2) if the agreement is with a subcontractor, the
 9
    name and address of the subcontractor.
10
              (d) The notice must be sent to the last known business
11
    or residence address of the owner or reputed owner or the original
12
    contractor, as applicable.
13
              (e) If a claimant gives notice under this section and
    Section 53.055 or, if the claim relates to a residential
14
    construction project, under this section and Section 53.252, the
15
16
    claimant is not required to give any other notice as to the
17
    retainage.
              (f) A claimant has a lien on, and the owner is
18
19
    personally liable to the claimant for, the retained funds under
    Subchapter E if the claimant:
20
21
                   (1) gives notice in accordance with this section
22
    and:
23
                        (A) complies with Subchapter E; or
24
                       (B) files an affidavit claiming a lien not
25
    later than the earliest of:
26
                            (i) the date required for filing an
```

(b-1) If an agreement for contractual retainage is with

1

27

affidavit under Section 53.052;

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1
                             (ii) the 40th day after the date stated
 2
    in an affidavit of completion as the date of completion of the
 3
    work under the original contract, if the owner sent the claimant
 4
    notice of an affidavit of completion in the time and manner
 5
    required;
                             (iii) the 40th day after the date of
 6
 7
    termination or abandonment of the original contract, if the owner
    sent the claimant a notice of such termination or abandonment in
 8
 9
    the time and manner required; or
                             (iv) the 30th day after the date the
10
11
    owner sent to the claimant to the claimant's address provided in
12
    the notice for contractual retainage, as required under Subsection
    (c), a written notice of demand for the claimant to file the
13
    affidavit claiming a lien; and
14
15
                   (2) gives the notice of the filed affidavit as
16
    required by Section 53.055.
17
              (g) The written demand under Subsection (f)(1)(B)(iv):
18
                   (1) must contain the owner's name and address and
19
    a description, legally sufficient for identification, of the real
20
    property on which the improvement is located;
21
                   (2) must state that the claimant must file the
    lien affidavit not later than the 30th day after the date the
22
23
    demand is sent; and
24
                   (3) is effective only for the amount of contractual
25
    retainage earned by the claimant as of the day the demand was
26
    sent.]
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"NOTICE OF CLAIM FOR UNPAID RETAINAGE

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1 <u>"WARNING: This notice is provided to preserve lien rights.</u>
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- Owner's property may be subject to a lien if sufficient funds
- 3 are not withheld from future payments to the original contractor
- 4 to cover this debt.
- 5 "Date:
- 6 "Project description and/or address:
- 7 "Claimant's name:
- 8 "Type of labor or materials provided:
- 9 "Original contractor's name:
- 10 Party with whom Claimant contracted if different from
- 11 Original Contractor
- 12 "Total retainage unpaid:

- Any statement or billing may be included with this notice
- 16 SECTION 12. Section 53.081, Property Code, is amended to
- 17 read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 53.081. AUTHORITY TO WITHHOLD FUNDS FOR BENEFIT OF
- 19 CLAIMANTS. [(a)] If an owner receives notice under Section 53.056
- 20 or 53.057[, 53.058, 53.252, or 53.253], the owner may withhold
- 21 from payments to the original contractor an amount necessary to
- 22 pay the claim for which the owner receives notice. Such
- 23 withholding can be in addition to any retainage.
- 24 [(b) If notice is sent in a form that substantially
- 25 complies with Section 53.056 or 53.252, the owner may withhold the
- 26 funds immediately on receipt of the notice.
- 27 (c) If notice is sent under Section 53.057, the owner

- 1 may withhold funds immediately on receipt of a copy of the
- 2 claimant's affidavit prepared in accordance with Sections 53.052
- 3 through 53.055.
- 4 (d) If notice is sent under Section 53.058, the owner
- 5 may withhold funds immediately on receipt of the notices sent under
- 6 Subsection (e) of that section. If notice is sent as provided by
- 7 Section 53.253(b), the owner may withhold funds immediately on
- 8 receipt of the notice sent as required by Section 53.252.]
- 9 SECTION 13. Section 53.082, Property Code, is amended to
- 10 read as follows:
- 11 Sec. 53.082. TIME FOR WHICH FUNDS ARE WITHHELD. Unless
- 12 [payment is made under Section 53.083 or] the claim is otherwise
- 13 settled, discharged, indemnified against under Subchapter H or I,
- 14 or determined to be invalid by a final judgment of a court, the
- 15 owner shall retain the funds withheld until:
- 16 (1) the time for filing the affidavit of mechanic's
- 17 lien has passed; or
- 18 (2) if a lien affidavit has been filed, until the
- 19 lien claim has been satisfied or released.
- SECTION 14. Section 53.084, Property Code, is amended to
- 21 read as follows:
- Sec. 53.084. OWNER'S LIABILITY. (a) Except for the amount
- 23 [required to be retained] the owner fails to reserve under
- 24 Subchapter E, the owner is not liable for any amount paid to the
- 25 original contractor before the owner is authorized to withhold
- 26 funds under this subchapter.
- 27 (b) If the owner has received [the] <u>a</u> notice[s] required

- 1 by Section 53.056 or 53.057[ubchapter C or K], if the lien has
- 2 been secured, and if the claim has been reduced to final judgment,
- 3 the owner is liable and the owner's property is subject to a claim
- 4 for any money paid to the original contractor after the owner was
- 5 authorized to withhold funds under this subchapter. The owner is
- 6 liable for that amount in addition to any amount for which he is
- 7 liable under Subchapter E.
- 8 SECTION 15. The heading to Subchapter E, Chapter 53, Property
- 9 Code is amended to read as follows:
- 10 SUBCHAPTER E. [REQUIRED RETAINAGE] FUNDS RESERVED FOR THE
- 11 BENEFIT OF LIEN CLAIMANTS
- 12 SECTION 16. Section 53.101, Property Code, is amended to
- 13 read as follows:
- Sec. 53.101. FUNDS REQUIRED [RETAINAGE] TO BE RESERVED. (a)
- 15 During the progress of work under an original contract for which
- 16 a mechanic's lien may be claimed and for 30 days after the work
- 17 <u>under such contract</u> is completed, the owner shall [retain] reserve:
- 18 (1) 10 percent of the contract price of the work
- 19 to the owner; or
- 20 (2) 10 percent of the value of the work, measured
- 21 by the proportion that the work done bears to the work to be done,
- 22 using the contract price or, if there is no contract price, using
- 23 the reasonable value of the completed work.
- (b) In this section, "owner" includes the owner's agent,
- 25 trustee, or receiver.
- SECTION 17. Section 53.102, Property Code, is amended to
- 27 read as follows:

- 1 Sec. 53.102. PAYMENT SECURED BY RESERVED FUNDS [BY
- 2 RETAINAGE]. The [retained] reserved funds secure the payment of
- 3 artisans and mechanics who perform labor or service and the payment
- 4 of other persons who furnish material, material and labor, or
- 5 specially fabricated material for any contractor, subcontractor,
- 6 agent, or receiver in the performance of the work.
- 7 SECTION 18. Section 53.103, Property Code, is amended to
- 8 read as follows:
- 9 Sec. 53.103. LIEN ON RETAINED FUNDS. A claimant has a lien
- 10 on the [retained] reserved funds if the claimant:
- 11 (1) sends the notices required by this chapter in
- 12 the time and manner required; and
- 13 (2) except as allowed by Section 53.0527(df),
- 14 files an affidavit claiming a lien not later than the 30th day
- 15 after the earliest of the date:
- 16 (A) the work is completed;
- 17 (B) the original contract is terminated; or
- 18 (C) the original contractor abandons
- 19 performance under the original contract.
- SECTION 19. Section 53.104, Property Code, is amended to
- 21 read as follows:
- Sec. 53.104. PREFERENCES. (a) Individual artisans and
- 23 mechanics are entitled to a preference to the [retained] reserved
- 24 funds and shall share proportionately to the extent of their claims
- 25 for wages and fringe benefits earned.
- 26 (b) After payment of artisans and mechanics who are
- 27 entitled to a preference under Subsection (a), other participating

- 1 claimants share proportionately in the balance of the [retained]
- 2 reserved funds.
- 3 SECTION 20. Section 53.105, Property Code, is amended to
- 4 read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 53.105. OWNER'S LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO
- 6 [RETAIN] RESERVE FUNDS. (a) If the owner fails or refuses to comply
- 7 with this subchapter, the claimants complying with Subchapter C or
- 8 this subchapter have a lien, at least to the extent of the amount
- 9 that should have been [retained] reserved from the original
- 10 contract under which they are claiming, against the [house,
- 11 $\frac{\text{building, structure, fixture, or}}{\text{structure, fixture, or}}$ improvements and all of its
- 12 properties and against the lot or lots of land necessarily
- 13 connected.
- 14 (b) The claimants share the lien proportionately in
- 15 accordance with the preference provided by Section 53.104.
- SECTION 21. Section 53.106, Property Code, is amended to
- 17 read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 53.106. AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLETION. (a) An owner may
- 19 file with the county clerk of the county in which the property is
- 20 located an affidavit of completion. The affidavit must contain:
- 21 (1) the name and address of the owner;
- 22 (2) the name and address of the original
- 23 contractor;
- 24 (3) a description, legally sufficient for
- 25 identification, of the real property on which the improvements are
- 26 located;
- 27 (4) a description of the improvements furnished

- 1 under the original contract;
- 2 (5) a statement that the improvements under the
- 3 original contract have been completed and the date of completion;
- 4 and
- 5 (6) a conspicuous statement that a claimant may
- 6 not have a lien on retained funds unless the claimant files an
- 7 affidavit claiming a lien [not later than the 40th day after the
- 8 date the work under the original contract is completed] in the
- 9 time and manner required by this chapter.
- 10 (b) A copy of the affidavit must be sent [by certified
- 11 or registered mail] to the original contractor, [not later than
- 12 the date the affidavit is filed] and to each claimant who sends a
- notice [of lien liability] to the owner under Sections 53.056 or[7]
- 14 53.057[, 53.058, 53.252, or 53.253 not later than] within three
- 15 days after the date the affidavit is filed or the 10th day after
- 16 the date the owner receives the notice of lien liability, whichever
- 17 is later.
- 18 (c) A copy of the affidavit must also be sent to each
- 19 person who furnishes labor or materials for the property and who
- 20 furnishes the owner with a written request for the copy. The owner
- 21 must furnish the copy to the person not later than the date the
- 22 affidavit is filed or the 10th day after the date the request is
- 23 received, whichever is later.
- 24 (d) [Except as provided by this subsection, a] An
- 25 affidavit filed under this section [on or before the 10th day after
- 26 the date of completion of the improvements] is prima facie evidence
- 27 of the date the work under the original contract is completed for

- 1 purposes of this [subchapter] chapter [and Section 53.057]. If
- 2 the affidavit is filed after the 10th day after the date of
- 3 completion, the date of completion for purposes of this subchapter
- 4 [and Section 53.057] is the date the affidavit is filed. This
- 5 subsection does not apply to a person to whom the affidavit was
- 6 not sent as required by this section.
- 7 SECTION 22. Section 53.107 (a) and (b), Property Code, are
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 (a) Not later than the 10th day after the date an original
- 10 contract is terminated or the original contractor abandons
- 11 performance under the original contract, the owner shall give
- 12 notice to each subcontractor who, before the date of termination
- 13 or abandonment, has:
- 14 (1) given notice to the owner as provided by Section
- 15 53.056 or [-] 53.057[., or 53.058]; or
- 16 (2) sent to the owner [by certified or registered mail]
- 17 a written request for notice of termination or abandonment.
- 18 (b) The notice must contain:
- 19 (1) the name and address of the owner;
- 20 (2) the name and address of the original contractor;
- 21 (3) a description, legally sufficient for
- 22 identification, of the real property on which the improvements are
- 23 located;
- 24 (4) a general description of the improvements agreed to
- 25 be furnished under the original contract;
- 26 (5) a statement that the original contract has been
- 27 terminated or that performance under the contract has been

- 1 abandoned;
- 2 (6) the date of the termination or abandonment; and
- 3 (7) a conspicuous statement that a claimant may not
- 4 have a lien on the retained funds unless the claimant files an
- 5 affidavit claiming a lien [not later than the 40th day after the
- 6 date of the termination or abandonment] in the time and manner
- 7 required by this chapter.
- 8 SECTION 23. Section 53.155, Property Code, is amended to
- 9 read as follows:
- 10 Sec. 53.155. TRANSFER OF PROPERTY SOLD. If the [house,
- 11 building, improvement [, or any piece of railroad property] is
- 12 sold separately from the land, the officer making the sale shall
- 13 provide [place] the purchaser [in possession. The purchaser is
- 14 entitled to] a reasonable time after the date of purchase within
- 15 which to remove and take possession of the purchased [property]
- 16 <u>improvement</u>.
- 17 SECTION 24. Section 53.157, Property Code, is amended to
- 18 read as follows:
- 19 Sec. 53.157. DISCHARGE OF LIEN. A[n] mechanic's lien or
- 20 affidavit claiming a mechanic's lien filed under Section 53.052
- 21 may be discharged of record by:
- 22 (1) recording a lien release signed by the claimant
- 23 under Section 53.152;
- 24 (2) failing to institute suit to foreclose the lien in
- 25 the county in which the [property] improvement is located within
- 26 the period prescribed by Section 53.158, 53.175, or 53.208;
- 27 (3) recording the original or certified copy of a final

- 1 judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction providing
- 2 for the discharge;
- 3 (4) filing the bond and notice in compliance with
- 4 Subchapter H;
- 5 (5) filing the bond in compliance with Subchapter I; or
- 6 (6) recording a certified copy of the order removing
- 7 the lien under Section 53.160, provided that [and a certificate
- 8 from the clerk of the court that states that] no bond or deposit
- 9 as described by Section 53.161 was filed by the claimant within 30
- 10 days after the date the order was entered.
- 11 SECTION 25. Section 53.158, Property Code, is amended to
- 12 read as follows:
- Sec. 53.158. PERIOD FOR BRINGING SUIT TO FORECLOSE LIEN. (a)
- 14 Except as provided by Subsection (b), suit must be brought to
- 15 foreclose the lien within [two] one years after the last day a
- 16 claimant may file the lien affidavit under Section 53.052 [$\frac{6}{100}$
- 17 within one year after completion, termination, or abandonment of
- 18 the work under the original contract under which the lien is
- 19 claimed, whichever is later].
- 20 (b) The limitations period established under Subsection
- 21 (a) may be extended to not later than the second anniversary of
- the date the claimant filed the lien affidavit under Section 53.052
- 23 if, before the expiration of the limitations period established
- 24 under Subsection (a), the claimant enters into a written agreement
- 25 with the then-current record owner of the property to extend the
- 26 limitations period. The agreement shall be recorded with the clerk
- 27 of the same county where the lien was recorded and shall be deemed

- 1 to be notice of such extension to any subsequent purchaser. [For
- 2 a claim arising from a residential construction project, suit must
- 3 be brought to foreclose the lien within one year after the last
- 4 day a claimant may file a lien affidavit under Section 53.052 or
- 5 within one year after completion, termination, or abandonment of
- 6 the work under the original contract under which the lien is
- 7 claimed, whichever is later.
- 8 (c) Notwithstanding Section 16.069, Civil Practice and
- 9 Remedies Code, or any other law, if suit is pursued solely to
- 10 discharge a lien because limitations have expired to bring a lien
- 11 foreclosure suit, the lien claimant's rights to pursue a suit to
- 12 foreclose a lien are not revived.
- SECTION 26. Section 53.160(b)(1) and (c), Property Code, are
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 (b) The grounds for objecting to the validity or
- 16 enforceability of the claim or lien for purposes of the motion are
- 17 limited to the following:
- 18 (1) notice of claim was not $\underline{\text{timely}}$ furnished to
- 19 the owner or original contractor as required by Section 53.056 or
- 20 [- 53.057, 53.058, 53.252, or 53.253];
- 21 (2) an affidavit claiming a lien failed to comply
- with Section 53.054 or was not filed as required by Section 53.052;
- 23 (3) notice of the filed affidavit was not furnished
- 24 to the owner or original contractor as required by Section 53.055;
- 25 (4) the deadlines for perfecting a lien claim for
- 26 retainage under this chapter have expired and the owner complied
- 27 with the requirements of Section 53.101 and paid the retainage and

- 1 all other funds owed to the original contractor before:
- 2 (A) the claimant perfected the lien claim;
- 3 and
- 4 (B) the owner received a notice of the claim
- 5 as required by this chapter;
- 6 (5) all funds subject to the notice of a claim to
- 7 the owner and a notice regarding the retainage have been deposited
- 8 in the registry of the court and the owner has no additional
- 9 liability to the claimant;
- 10 (6) when the lien affidavit was filed on homestead
- 11 property:
- 12 (A) no contract was executed or filed as
- 13 required by Section 53.254;
- 14 (B) the affidavit claiming a lien failed to
- 15 contain the notice as required by Section 53.254; or
- 16 (C) the notice of the claim failed to include
- 17 the statement required by Section 53.254; and
- 18 (7) the claimant executed a valid and enforceable
- 19 waiver or release of the claim or lien claimed in the affidavit.
- 20 (c) The claimant is not required to file a response.
- 21 The claimant and any other party that has appeared in the
- 22 proceeding must be notified by at least [21]30 days before the
- 23 date of the hearing on the motion. A motion may not be heard
- 24 before the $[\frac{21}{\text{st}}]$ 30th day after the date the claimant answers or
- 25 appears in the proceeding. The claimant will be allowed expedited
- 26 discovery regarding information relevant to the issues listed in
- 27 subsection (b).

- 1 SECTION 27. Section 53.173(c), Property Code, is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 (c) The notice must be served on each obligee by mailing
- 4 a copy of the notice and the bond to the obligee by certified
- 5 [United States mail, return receipt requested,] addressed to the
- 6 claimant at the address stated in the lien affidavit for the
- 7 obligee.
- 8 SECTION 28. Section 53.205(a), Property Code, is amended to
- 9 read as follows:
- 10 (a) The bond protects all persons with a claim that is:
- 11 (1) perfected in the manner prescribed for fixing
- 12 a lien under Subchapter C [or, if the claim relates to a
- 13 residential construction project, under Subchapter K;] or
- 14 (2) perfected in the manner prescribed by Section
- 15 53.206.
- 16 SECTION 29. Section 53.206, Property Code, is amended to
- 17 read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 53.206. PERFECTION OF CLAIM. (a) To perfect a claim
- 19 against a bond in a manner other than that prescribed by Subchapter
- 20 C [or K] for fixing a lien, a person must [\div
- (1) give notice under Sections 53.056 and 53.057
- 22 to the original contractor and surety on the bond, except as
- 23 otherwise provided in subsection (b).[all applicable notices under
- 24 the appropriate subchapter; and
- 25 (2) give to the surety on the bond, instead of the
- 26 owner, all notices under the appropriate subchapter required to be
- 27 given to the owner.]

- 1 (b) To perfect a claim for retainage under this section,
- 2 a [person] claimant is not required to [÷
- 3 (1) give notice to the surety under Section 53.057
- 4 if [, unless] the claimant has a direct contractual relationship
- 5 with the original contractor [and the agreed retainage is in
- 6 excess of 10 percent of the contract.;
- 7 (2) give notice to the surety under Section
- 8 53.058(b) or, if the claim relates to a residential construction
- 9 project, under Section 53.253(c); or
- 10 (3) file any affidavit with the county clerk.
- 11 (c) A claimant that provides the notices described
- 12 herein need not file an affidavit claiming a mechanic's lien in
- 13 order to perfect its claim under the bond. [For the claim to be
- 14 valid, a person must give notice in the time and manner required
- 15 by this section, but the content of the notices need only provide
- 16 fair notice of the amount and the nature of the claim asserted.]
- 17 (d) A person satisfies the requirements of this section
- 18 relating to providing notice to the surety if the person mails the
- 19 notice by certified or registered mail to the surety:
- 20 (1) at the address stated on the bond or on an
- 21 attachment to the bond;
- 22 (2) at the address on file with the Texas
- 23 Department of Insurance; or
- 24 (3) at any other address allowed by law.
- SECTION 30. Section 53.207(a), Property Code, is amended to
- 26 read as follows:
- 27 (a) If the owner receives any of the notices or a lien is

- 1 fixed under this chapter [Subchapter C or K], the owner shall mail
- 2 to the surety on the bond a copy of all notices received.
- 3 SECTION 31. Section 53.208(a), Property Code, is amended to
- 4 read as follows:
- 5 (a) A claimant may sue the principal and surety on the
- 6 bond either jointly or severally, if [his] the claim remains unpaid
- 7 for 60 days after the claimant perfects the claim.
- 8 SECTION 32. Section 53.232, Property Code, is amended to
- 9 read as follows:
- 10 Sec. 53.232. TO WHOM NOTICE GIVEN; MANNER. The lien claimant
- 11 must send written notice of his claim by [registered or] certified
- 12 mail to:
- 13 (1) the officials of the state, county, town, or
- 14 municipality whose duty it is to pay the contractor; and
- 15 (2) the contractor at the contractor's last known
- 16 business or residence address.
- 17 SECTION 33. Section 53.238, Property Code, is amended to
- 18 read as follows:
- 19 Sec. 53.238. NOTICE OF BOND. The official with whom the
- 20 bond is filed shall send an exact copy of the bond by [registered
- 21 mail or certified mail, return receipt requested, to all
- 22 claimants.
- 23 SECTION 34. The heading to Section 53.254, Property Code, is
- 24 amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 53.254. CONTRACTUAL REQUIREMENTS TO LIEN A HOMESTEAD.
- SECTION 35. Section 53.254(g), Property Code, is amended to
- 27 read as follows:

- 1 (g) For the lien on a homestead to be valid, the notice
- 2 required to be given to the owner under Subchapter C [Section
- 3 53.252] must include or have attached the following statement:
- 4 "If a subcontractor or supplier who furnishes materials or
- 5 performs labor for construction of improvements on your property
- 6 is not paid, your property may be subject to a lien for the unpaid
- 7 amount if:
- 8 (1) after receiving notice of the unpaid claim
- 9 from the claimant, you fail to withhold payment to your contractor
- 10 that is sufficient to cover the unpaid claim until the dispute is
- 11 resolved; or
- 12 (2) during construction and for 30 days after
- 13 completion of your contractor's work [construction], you fail to
- 14 [retain] reserve 10 percent of the contract price or 10 percent of
- 15 the value of the work performed by your contractor.
- "If you have complied with the law regarding the reservation
- 17 of 10 percent of the contract price or value [retainage] and you
- 18 have withheld payment to the contractor sufficient to cover any
- 19 written notice of claim and have paid that amount, if any, to the
- 20 claimant, any lien claim filed on your property by a subcontractor
- 21 or supplier, other than a person who contracted directly with you,
- 22 will not be a valid lien on your property. In addition, except
- 23 for the required 10 percent [retainage] reservation, you are not
- 24 liable to a subcontractor or supplier for any amount paid to your
- 25 contractor before you received written notice of the claim."
- SECTION 36. Section 53.255(b), Property Code, is amended to
- 27 read as follows:

- 1 (b) The disclosure statement must read substantially similar
- 2 to the following:
- 3 "KNOW YOUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE LAW. You
- 4 are about to enter into a transaction to build a new home or
- 5 remodel existing residential property. Texas law requires your
- 6 contractor to provide you with this brief overview of some of your
- 7 rights, responsibilities, and risks in this transaction.
- 8 "CONVEYANCE TO CONTRACTOR NOT REQUIRED. Your contractor may
- 9 not require you to convey your real property to your contractor as
- 10 a condition to the agreement for the construction of improvements
- 11 on your property.
- 12 "KNOW YOUR CONTRACTOR. Before you enter into your agreement
- 13 for the construction of improvements to your real property, make
- 14 sure that you have investigated your contractor. Obtain and verify
- 15 references from other people who have used the contractor for the
- 16 type and size of construction project on your property.
- 17 "GET IT IN WRITING. Make sure that you have a written
- 18 agreement with your contractor that includes: (1) a description of
- 19 the work the contractor is to perform; (2) the required or
- 20 estimated time for completion of the work; (3) the cost of the
- 21 work or how the cost will be determined; and (4) the procedure and
- 22 method of payment, including provisions for statutory [retainager]
- 23 reservation of funds and conditions for final payment. If your
- 24 contractor made a promise, warranty, or representation to you
- 25 concerning the work the contractor is to perform, make sure that
- 26 promise, warranty, or representation is specified in the written
- 27 agreement. An oral promise that is not included in the written

1 agreement may not be enforceable under Texas law.

"READ BEFORE YOU SIGN. Do not sign any document before you

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3 have read and understood it. NEVER SIGN A DOCUMENT THAT INCLUDES 4 AN UNTRUE STATEMENT. Take your time in reviewing documents. you borrow money from a lender to pay for the improvements, you 5 are entitled to have the loan closing documents furnished to you 6 7 for review at least one business day before the closing. waive this requirement unless a bona fide emergency or another 8 good cause exists, and make sure you understand the documents 9 before you sign them. If you fail to comply with the terms of the 10 11 documents, you could lose your property. You are entitled to have 12 your own attorney review any documents. If you have any question 13 about the meaning of a document, consult an attorney. "GET A LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS. 14 15 construction commences, your contractor is required to provide you 16 with a list of the subcontractors and suppliers the contractor 17 intends to use on your project. Your contractor is required to supply updated information on any subcontractors and suppliers 18 19 added after the list is provided. Your contractor is not required 20 to supply this information if you sign a written waiver of your 21 rights to receive this information. 22 "MONITOR THE WORK. Lenders and governmental authorities may 23 inspect the work in progress from time to time for their own purposes. These inspections are not intended as quality control 24 25 inspections. Quality control is a matter for you and your 26 contractor. To ensure that your home is being constructed in

accordance with your wishes and specifications, you should inspect

- 1 the work yourself or have your own independent inspector review
- 2 the work in progress.
- 3 "MONITOR PAYMENTS. If you use a lender, your lender is
- 4 required to provide you with a periodic statement showing the money
- 5 disbursed by the lender from the proceeds of your loan. Each time
- 6 your contractor requests payment from you or your lender for work
- 7 performed, your contractor is also required to furnish you with a
- 8 disbursement statement that lists the name and address of each
- 9 subcontractor or supplier that the contractor intends to pay from
- 10 the requested funds. Review these statements and make sure that
- 11 the money is being properly disbursed.
- "CLAIMS BY SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS. Under Texas law, if
- 13 a subcontractor or supplier who furnishes labor or materials for
- 14 the construction of improvements on your property is not paid, you
- 15 may become liable and your property may be subject to a lien for
- 16 the unpaid amount, even if you have not contracted directly with
- 17 the subcontractor or supplier. To avoid liability, you should
- 18 take the following actions:
- 19 (1) If you receive a written notice from a subcontractor
- 20 or supplier, you should withhold payment from your contractor for
- 21 the amount of the claim stated in the notice until the dispute
- 22 between your contractor and the subcontractor or supplier is
- 23 resolved. If your lender is disbursing money directly to your
- 24 contractor, you should immediately provide a copy of the notice to
- 25 your lender and instruct the lender to withhold payment in the
- 26 amount of the claim stated in the notice. If you continue to pay
- 27 the contractor after receiving the written notice without

- 1 withholding the amount of the claim, you may be liable and your
- 2 property may be subject to a lien for the amount you failed to
- 3 withhold.
- 4 (2) During construction and for 30 days after final
- 5 completion, termination, or abandonment of the contract by the
- 6 contractor, you should [withhold] reserve or cause your lender to
- 7 [withhold] reserve 10 percent of the amount of payments made for
- 8 the work performed by your contractor. [This is sometimes referred
- 9 to as 'statutory retainage.' If you choose not to [withhold]
- 10 reserve the 10 percent for at least 30 days after final completion,
- 11 termination, or abandonment of the contract by the contractor and
- 12 if a valid claim is timely made by a claimant and your contractor
- 13 fails to pay the claim, you may be personally liable and your
- 14 property may be subject to a lien up to the amount that you failed
- 15 to [withhold] reserve.
- "If a claim is not paid within a certain time period, the
- 17 claimant is required to file a mechanic's lien affidavit in the
- 18 real property records in the county where the property is located.
- 19 A mechanic's lien affidavit is not a lien on your property, but
- 20 the filing of the affidavit could result in a court imposing a
- 21 lien on your property if the claimant is successful in litigation
- 22 to enforce the lien claim.
- "SOME CLAIMS MAY NOT BE VALID. When you receive a written
- 24 notice of a claim or when a mechanic's lien affidavit is filed on
- 25 your property, you should know your legal rights and
- 26 responsibilities regarding the claim. Not all claims are valid.
- 27 A notice of a claim by a subcontractor or supplier is required to

be sent, and the mechanic's lien affidavit is required to be filed, within strict time periods. The notice and the affidavit must 3 contain certain information. All claimants may not fully comply 4 with the legal requirements to collect on a claim. If you have paid the contractor in full before receiving a notice of a claim 5 and have [fully complied with the law regarding statutory 6 7 retainage] withheld the ten percent of the price or value of work, you may not be liable for that claim. Accordingly, you should 8 9 consult your attorney when you receive a written notice of a claim to determine the true extent of your liability or potential 10 11 liability for that claim. 12 "OBTAIN A LIEN RELEASE AND A BILLS PAID AFFIDAVIT. When you receive a notice of claim, do not release withheld funds without 13 obtaining a signed and notarized release of lien and claim from 14 15 the claimant. You can also reduce the risk of having a claim filed by a subcontractor or supplier by requiring as a condition of each 16 17 payment made by you or your lender that your contractor furnish you with an affidavit stating that all bills have been paid. Under 18 19 Texas law, on final completion of the work and before final payment, the contractor is required to furnish you with an 20 affidavit stating that all bills have been paid. If the contractor 21 discloses any unpaid bill in the affidavit, you should withhold 22

"OBTAIN TITLE INSURANCE PROTECTION. You may be able to obtain a title insurance policy to insure that the title to your property and the existing improvements on your property are free from liens

payment in the amount of the unpaid bill until you receive a waiver

of lien or release from that subcontractor or supplier.

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- 1 claimed by subcontractors and suppliers. If your policy is issued
- 2 before the improvements are completed and covers the value of the
- 3 improvements to be completed, you should obtain, on the completion
- 4 of the improvements and as a condition of your final payment, a
- 5 'completion of improvements' policy endorsement. This endorsement
- 6 will protect your property from liens claimed by subcontractors
- 7 and suppliers that may arise from the date the original title
- 8 policy is issued to the date of the endorsement."
- 9 (c) The failure of a contractor to comply with this
- 10 section does not invalidate a lien under this chapter, a contract
- 11 lien, or a deed of trust.
- 12 SECTION 37. Section 53.281(b), Property Code, is amended to
- 13 read as follows:
- 14 (b) A waiver and release is effective to release the
- 15 owner, the owner's property, the contractor, and the surety on a
- 16 payment bond from claims and liens only if:
- 17 (1) the waiver and release substantially complies
- 18 with one of the forms prescribed by Section 53.284;
- 19 (2) the waiver and release is signed by the
- 20 claimant or the claimant's authorized agent [and notarized]; and
- 21 (3) in the case of a conditional release, evidence
- 22 of payment to the claimant exists.
- 23 SECTION 38. The following provisions of the Property Code
- 24 are repealed:
- 25 (1) Section 53.053;
- 26 (2) Section 53.058;
- 27 (3) Section 53.083;

- 1 (4) Section 53.252; and
- 2 (5) Section 53.253.
- 3 SECTION 39. The changes in law made by this Act apply only
- 4 to an original contract entered into on or after the effective
- 5 date of this Act. An original contract entered into before the
- 6 effective date of this Act is governed by the law as it existed
- 7 immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is
- 8 continued in effect for that purpose.
- 9 SECTION 40. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.